### GOOD INVESTMENT.

Health and Happiness come to all who persistcotly use Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This powerful itsective effects in the system a change that seems little short of mirsculous. No medicine has been in such universal demand for years.

Give it a trial. "If any one suffering from general debility. want of appetite, depression of spirits, and lassitude, will use Ayer's Sarsaparills, I am confident a cure will result, for I have used it, and speak from experience. It is by far the best semedy I ever knew."-F. O. Loring, Brockton.

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### THE WONDERFUL CARLSBAD SPRINGS.

At the Ninth International Medical Congress, Dr. A. Toboldt, of the University of Pennsylvania, res L. A. Toboldt, of the University of Pennsylvania, read i paper stating that out of thirty cases treated with the genuine imported Powdered Carlebad Sprudel Salt for chronic consupation, hypochondria, disease of the liver and hidneys, jaundice, adiposis, diabetes, dropey from valvular heart disease, dyspepsis, catarrhal inflammation of the stomach, ulcer of the stomach or spisen, children with marasmus, gout, rheumatism of the joints, gravel, etc., twenty-six were entirely cured, three much improved, and one not treated long enough.

Average time of treatment, four weeks.

The Carlabad Sprudel Salt (powder form), is an ex collent Aperient Luxative and Diuretic. It clears the complexion, purifies the Blood. It is easily soluble, pleasant to take and permanent in action. The genuin product of the Carlsbad Springs is exported in round bottles. Each bottle comes in a light blue paper car-toon, and has the signature "EISNER & MENDLE-50N CO.," sole agents, 6 Barclay street, New Yerk, on every bottle. One bottle majed upon receipt of One Dollar. Dr. Tobolut's lectures mailed free upon application.

# WHY YOU SHOULD USE SCOTT'S

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COD LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES.

It is used and endorsed by physicians because it the

It is Palatable as Milk.

It is three times as efficacious as plain Cod Liver It is far superior to all other so-called Emulsions

It is a perfect Emulsion, does not separate or It is wonderful as a Flesh Producer. It is the best remedy for Consumption, Scrofuls,

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# Ing way to the gentle action and mild effects of Carter's Little Liver Fills. If you try them they will certainly please you.

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Extra wide Curtains, same kind, at \$10 per pair.

\$3.90 PER PAIR.
You cannot appreciate THESE CURTAINS at this LOW PRICE until you see them. Silk Curtains, Lace and Nottingham Curtains of

every conceivable pattern and kind, from the \$1.25 Nottingham up to the finest imported.

#### We show an unexcelled line of elegant Parlor Suites in Brocatelle, Wilton Rugs, Tapestry and Silk Plush. Bed Room Suites in all the latest finishes-Oak. Antique Oak, Mahogany, Walnut and 16th Century.

Handsome Sideboards, Cabinets, Mantel and Cheval Gold, White and Gold, Blue and Gold, Conversation Corner and Reception Chairs.

Rockers of every description. Our specialty is

3-piece Oak Suites, Beveled Plate Glass, at \$24 and Our stock is so large and varied it is impossible to

chumerate everything.
Call and see the innumerable articles we have. Our unequalled assortment of

Is conceded (by every one who visits this department) to be the Finest in the city for Variety, Colorings and

Beautiful Axminsters, Wiltons, Moquettes, Brussels Extra Super Ingrains and 2-plys. Smyrnas, Wiltons, Daghastan, Sheepskin, Fur and

Japanese Rugs. SPECIAL SALE, 500 Smyrna Rugs, 5 feet x 2 feet 6 in. Reduced to 100 Smyrna Rugs, 4x7, in 5 patterns, \$8.50. Regu-

lar price \$10.

100 All-wool English Art Squares, 3 yards by 234

get all right in a day or two. Sunday the wounded officer went to the station, but he did wounded officer went to the station, but he did wounded officer went to the station, but he did wounded officer went to the station, but he did wounded officer went to the station, but he did wounded officer went to the station, but he did wounded officer went to the station, but he did wounded officer went to the station, but he did wounded officer went to the station, but he did wounded officer went to the station, but he did wounded officer went to the station, but he did wounded officer went to the station, but he did wounded officer went to the station was able to go

We are making a special feature of this department and have just received a large lot of rapers in new and delicate effects. English Varnished Tiles and Washable Sanitary Paper. Call or write for estimates.

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LITTLE MEDICINE OF THE RIGHT KIND taken at the right time, is invaluable. That mean tter's Little Liver Pills, and take them now.

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LARGEST EXHIBIT OF ARTISTIC FURNITURE IN AMERICA.

TEN SHOW ROOMS FILLED WITH THE LATEST PRODUCTIONS OF THE FURNITURE AND UP-HOLSTERY ART FROM THE RECOGNIZED

MANUFACTURING CENTERS OF THE WORLD. NOVELTIES OF LONDON PRODUCTION. NOVELTIES OF PARIS PRODUCTION.

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Including Those of Our Own Manufacture. and examine our stock and prices. The central loca-

tion of our establishment (adjoining Eden Musee) makes it easy of access from all parts of the city.

DRUNKENNESS, OR THE LIQUOR HABIT, Icatively Cured by administering Dr. Hainer GOLDEN SPECIFIC.

Item be given in a cup of coffee or tes or in articles of food without the knowledge of the patient; it is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker 100,000 drunkards have been made temperatemen who have taken Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drink-ing of their own free will. as page book of particulars

8. F. WARE, under Ebbitt House. R. K. HELPHENSTINE, 14th st. and Vt. ave.

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Full line of Yarns in all colors just received at following prices: Germantown, 17c. large hank; Saxony, 124c. large hank; Spanish, 18c. large hank; Zephyr (imported), 5c. oz., all colors. All our Yarns are the famous "Utopis" brand, which is considered very best made. Our stock of Fiannels, Dress Goods, Hosiery and Underwear deserve special attention. Examination of the color of the DYSPEPSIA MAKES TOU NERVOUS, AND nervousness makes you dyspeptic; either one ren-ALL PERSONS AFFL OTED WITH DYSPEPSIA and immediate reils f by using Angostura Bitters of Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons. Ask your druggist.

# 2d ·EDITION.

### Latest Telegrams to The Star. A GREAT THRONG OF PRELATES.

THE CRONIN TRIAL. The Court Shuts Off Inquiry Into the

CHICAGO, Nov. 13 .- At the opening of the Cronin trial this morning Judge McConnell announced his decision on the question of going into the past history of the Clan-na-Gael. The last witness yesterday, ex-Policeman Brown, was to be interrogated in regard to the expulsion of Dr. Cronin from the Clan-ua-Gael. The logical consequence would have been a thorough inquiry into the Clan-na-Gael. Judge McConnell announced his opinion to be that the evidence sought to be elicited from Officer Brown on the points named was incompetent and ruled it out.

Clan-na-Gael.

M'KINNON. Officer McKinnon was recalled for cross-examination. In reply to questions by Mr. Hynes witness said that Bourke explained to him that he went under the name of J. W. Cooper because he was afraid that two men were watching him. Under cross-examination by Mr. Forrest, McKinnon explained that in the court at Winnipeg he did not testify that Bourke said his name was Cooper because he was not asked the question. He was asked certain questions here and answered them. Here he was told to

BURKE'S HAT.

anything about that at present."

McKumon testified yesterday in regard to Burke's hat. Mr. Forrest interrupted rather savagely: "That hat was offered in evidence yesterday with certain marks on it. My client tells me that he never put those marks on, and I have no objection to the state using any means to erase that ink to find out what was The Court-"I don't think you ought to say

Mr. Forrest-"I object to its going in evi-The Court-"It has not gone in evidence, it has merely been identified."

The cross-examination of this witness, which was postponed yesterday at the request of the

defense, was then begun: THE PROSECUTION NEARLY DONE. After some unimportant witnesses were examined the boards cut from the floor of the Carlson cottage were offered and admitted in evidence in spite of the objections of the de-

fense. W. Frankenfield, the signal service officer here. was called to the stand and, producing his efficial record, testified that from midnight of May 3 to midnight of May 4 the sky was cloudless. When the examination of this witness finished the state attorney asked for an adjournment until 2 p.m. in order that the prosecution might consult as to whether or not they will introduce a certain line of evidence in view of the court's decision this morning. The adjournment was taken and it is generally believed that the evidence for the proscution is all in. CRONIN'S POCKET BOOK.

It was reported to the police that a pocket book containing a railroad pass and a note signed "P. H. Cronin" had been found by a man in Lakeview. The police located the man, but he is said to have refused to give up his find. The police have not yet arrested him.

#### ANOTHER POLICEMAN KILLED. Officer Reilly's Death From Injuries Inflicted by Negro Roughs.

HIS ASSAILANTS UNKNOWN-HE INTERFERED WITH TWO FIGHTING NEGROES AND BOTH ATTACKED HIM-HIS DEATH THE RESULT-TWO POLICEMEN KILLED BY NEGROES WITHIN A WEEK.

The police have not yet discovered who were the negroes that so brutally assaulted Policeman Jas. Reilly Saturday night, as published in Monday's STAR, although they have made every possible effort to do so. The assault took place on R street between 3d and 4th streets, not one square from the officer's home. He left the second precinct station, where he was stationed, about 6:15 o'clock on the evening of the assault and walked toward home with Officer Gantz, who lives on Q street. At the latter's house Officer Reilly stopped a few minutes to show Mrs. Gantz a bouquet that he was taking home to his little child. After leaving there he turned the corner of 4th street and walked north until he came to R street. On R street between 2d and 3d streets there are but two houses. The square is a lonely one, and is not traveled much after dark, as R street ends at Boundary, only two squares distant. Here the officer saw two colored men engaged in a fight.

BOTH THE FIGHTING NEGROES TURNED ON HIM. According to the statement he afterward made he attempted to arrest them, when one of them tripped him and the other dealt him a blow on the chest and he fell to the sidewalk. His head struck against the curb stone and a bad cut across the back of his head was the result. After remaining there some time unable to help himself, being cursed by a colored man to whom he appealed for aid, Mr. Wm. M. Brooks. who lives in the neighborhood, came along and raised the injured man to his feet. He started home with the officer, who had recovered sufficiently to walk alone before they reached the 3d street corner. About an hour later Police Surgeon Hender-son was sent for and he dressed the wound, which at that time did not threaten to prove serious. The doctor thought the patient would

to the doctor's office. SERIOUS SYMPTOMS APPEAR.

The surgeon then noticed serious symptoms and ordered the officer to remain quietly at home. That night the patient had a severe headache, but yesterday morning he felt better. Last night, however, he again grew worse and became unconscious. The doctor was again sent for, and two policemen remained at the sufferer's bedside all night. Several times during the night he had convulsions, and this morning it was feared he would die. A CONSULTATION OF SURGEONS.

not go on duty, and Monday he was able to go

At 1 o'clock today Police Surgeons Bayne and Henderson held a consultation and decided that the officer was in a decidedly critical condition. His skull was not fractured, but the doctors corcluded that the fall had caused internal hemorrhage, and that was what was doing the damage. Dr. Henderson told a STAR reporter that the officer's condition was due to the injuries he had received, and that if there was not a decided change in two or three hours he would die. It was the intention of the surgeons to remove the patient to Providence hospital, but his condition was so critical that they were

afraid the removal would cause his death. ANOTHER POLICEMAN THREATENED. The day before the assault on Officer Reilly occurred a letter was received by Policeman John C. Daley. It was addressed to "Jim Dailey," and contained indecent and threatening language and warned the officer that he had bett er prepare to "meet his God ore the deavel." Policeman Reilly is about thirty-eight years old and has a wife and one child. They reside at 224 R street. He has been a member of the police force since March 4, 1834. He was very

popular among his brother officers. Later-Death of the Wounded Officer. After the doctors left the patient's bedside Policemen Wannell, Daley, Lutton and Petritz were with him. The injured officer's condition grewsteadily worse until 1:10 o'clock this afternoon, when he died. Word was at once sent to the second precinct station and the coroner

An autopsy will probably be made tomorrow and an inquest will be held.

HIS UNKNOWN ASSAILANTS. It is not known who the officer's assailants were, as there was no eye witness to the affair except the participants, so far as is known. The officers, in conducting their investigation of the case, found a lady who saw the officer lying in the condition of the case, found a lady who saw the officer lying in the condition of the case, found a lady who saw the officer lying in the condition which is the purple of the bishops could be seen. Bishop Keane's cheery words of welcome and greeting were heard on every hand as the arrivals began to pour in. Now and then breaktion in which he was found by Mr. Brooks, but she paid no attention to him, because she thought it was only an intoxicated person. Now that the officer is dead, his brother officers will

that the officer is dead, his brother officers will redouble their efforts ta capture his assailants. The assault on Officer Reiley was committed just four days after Policeman Crippen lost his life. Within the past few months there have been a number of persons before the Police Court for assaulting police officers, and Judge Miller has dealt with them in a manner to discourage future assaults, but the examples do not seem to have much effect on that class of outlaws.

SUPERINTENDENT J. LOWRIE BELL of the railway mail service left Washington today for New York on business connected with the office. He will be absent several days.

ITS DEDICATION TODAY.

IMPOSING INAUGURAL CEREMONIES.

A Good Attendance and Much Enthusiasm Despite the Rain.

Eminent Churchmen Present-The Inaugural Sermon by Bishop Gilmour-Distinguished Guests at the Banquet-The Outdoor Exercises Omitted on Account of the Weather.



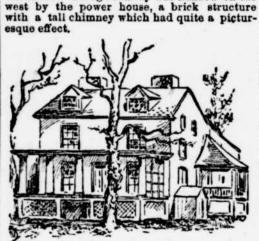
tend the dedication ceremonies of the Divinity building of the Catholic university went out to the grounds today. Eighteen months ago, when the corner stone of the building was laid,

the rain poured down with a lavishness that was as unexpected as it was unwelcome. However, as one of the prelates laughingly remarked today, the building has been well watered in its beginning and at its completion and the university ought to grow and prosper. Everybody made light of the unfavorable weather. The prelates as well as the laity laughed and joked and when the visitor once reached the interior of the building he found there an atmosphere of festivity which the damp garments and muddy feet and the drooping decorations of the building could not dispel. It was the gala day of the university and its friends and well wishers united to make the occasion as joyful

THE VISITORS ARRIVE. Before 9 o'clock the visitors began to arrive at the university grounds. They came by the electric road which landed them at the entrance to the grounds. The special trains on the Baltimore and Ohio brought a number. Then, carriages and hacks and cabs and other vehicles were constantly rolling up to the door of the main entrance from which the prelates and dis-tinguished guests alighted and hurried into the days the approaches to the buildings which were newly-made roads, had been reduced to a mass of soft, yielding mud. The wheels of the carriages served to churn the clay into a condition of sticky consistency. The authorities of the university, however, had caused a plank walk to be laid from the Bunker Hill road and across the grounds to the Middleton house, so that those who walked escaped much of the mud. The great stone building loomed up through the mists a stately and impressive pile. Although the decorations of American flags and bunting, which gave a touch of color to the great build-

ing, were saturated with rain yet here and there a flag waved in the slight breeze that was stirring. The entrance to the grounds by

the broad winding roadway was flanked on the



To the right and some distance in the grounds. and almost concealed in the trees, was to be seen the old-fashioned house which was the homestead of the Middletons, the former own-

The congregation of St. Paul occupy this mansion, where they have established a house for novices of the Paulist order. It is in charge of Rev. Father A. F. Hewit, Rev. J. M. Searle and Rev. Gilbert Simmons. The latter will have charge of the students, with the title of

master of novices.

The students, beside pursuing their regularcourse of study, will attend some of the lectures



At the railroad stations and at the entrance to the grounds and at all the entrances of the building were members of the Carroll institute. who were distinguished by a white badge and who acted as a committee on reception. They performed a useful duty in assisting Bishop Keane and Dr. Garrigan in receiving the guests

and directing them where to go.

They served also as committees of reception and entertainment in various parts of the building. Committees were stationed at each entrance and on each stairway to see that the guests were properly cared for and that the various church dignitaries received the proper attentions. The following gentlemen attendance under the direction of Mr. D. I. Murphy: Messrs. De Lacey, Sohon. Blanchard, Carroll, O'Connor, Lancaster, Mulvey, Soule, Redmond, Coyle, Leonard, O'Neal, Dunn, Merritt, White, Walsh, Harmon, Colbert, Merritt, White, Walsh, Harmon, Colbert, McComb, McLedley, Ivin, Jacques, A. J. Smith, Shea, Donnelly, Wilson, Matlett, Healey, Lepley, Crowltin, Snell, Dr. Benson, Sullivan, Taylor, Byrne, Elliott, Woodward, Madigan, Sohon, Sherman, Krane, Malone, Freitek, Byrne, Donnelly, Britten, McGuire, Bird, Caughlan, Wight, Simms, Dunn, Dolan, Halloran, Devine, Fealey, Shoemaker, Morgan, Leonard, Shea, O'Brien and Kennedy.

PREPARING FOR THE CEREMONY. All the rooms on the first floor looking to the west were reserved as robing rooms for the prelates. As soon as they arrived they were shown to the rooms and soon the long arcaded hall, which is the feature of the first floor of the building, was filled with groups of priests wearing their black cossacks. The white robes of the Dominicans and the brown robes of the ing away for a moment he hurried away to give a direction or to see about some detail of the arrangements. Dr. Garrigan, the vice rector. was equally as busy, but in spite of the pres-sure of duties upon them they never lost their cordial, hearty manner.

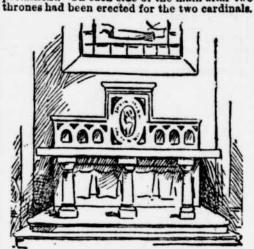
while writing for the ceremonies to begin in the chapel the visitors had an opportunity to admire the decorations of the hall, where national shields bearing the names of the leading European and American seats of learning were conspicuous. Owing to the rain Bishop Keane came to the conclusion early in the day to omit that portion of the program which provided for outdoor exercises. A CHANGE IN THE PROGRAM.

There were to be services at the main

THE CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY. deliver an address, and then there was to be growing political and social heresy which as was under the direction of the Rev. J. Graf, sumes and asserts that the state is all temporal choir master, and Prof. A. Gloetzner, organist.

a procession about the building as a part of the ceremony of blessing. The blessing of the building will be postponed until a more favor-able occasion. A grafid stand had been erected at the south front, where, if the weather had permitted, a sermon was to have been preached by the Rev. Father Fideles, superior of the order of Passionists in Brazil. The omission of N the midst of a drizzling rain and beneath clouded skies the crowds of spectators to atthe outside ceremonies limited the exercises to which is a handsome room with vaulted celling, was handsomely decorated for the occasion. The main altar, blazing with lights, was adorned with flowers, the white chrysanthemum being prominent. On each side of the main altac two

THE CHAPEL.



A SIDE ALTAR. The side altars, twelve in number, were also decorated with flowers. These altars are of

white marble and are very handsome. THE CARDINALS ARRIVED. Shortly after 11 o'clock Cardinal Gibbons and Cardinal Tascheran and the distinguished prelates from Baltimore arrived on a special train. They were driven to the university in carriages and entered by the south door. The members of the party were at once shown to their rooms when they began the preparation for the services. In the meanwhile the seats in the chapel were being occupied by invited guests.

Among whom were Mr. Drexel and Miss

Drexel of Philadelphia, Eugene Kelley of New York and his two sons, Thomas E. Waggaman and other members of the board of trustees, Commissioner Hine, Gen. W. S. Rosecrans, Senator Sherman, A Leo Knott and others. There were a number of ladies who who interested spectators.

After the prelates had finished robing a procession was formed in the lower hall and proceeded up the stairs to the chapel. First came a long line of bishops and monsignores in their purple robes and then came the reverend sirs and the priests. After they had been seated Cardinal Gibbons wearing his robes of gold and his pontifical hat, appeared on the platform of the staircase at the entrance to the chapel. He at his side. The cardinal carried his crozier and the aspargas. After prayer he decended the stairs and proceeded through the first corridor blessing the building and sprinkling holy water. Before this a group of seminarians from St. Mary's and St. Charles' collegee, sang from St. Mary's and St. Charles' collegee, sang the Veni Creator Spiritus. During the pro-cession through the building the Miserere was rendered. The cardinal then returned to the entrance of the chapel, where prayers were recited. He then entered the chapel, and while the seminarians were chanting the litany of the saints the chapel was blessed and sprinkled

with holy water. THE CEREMONY OF DEDICATION was then brought to a close and the cardinal retired from the chapel. Then after a brief interval the celebration of the pontifical mass of the Holy Ghost was begun. The two cardinals entered the altar and took their places upon the thrones erected at each side. The mass was celebrated by Monsignor Setolli of Rome. He was assisted as follows: Assistant priest, Rev. Wm. Magher of Hartford, Conn.; deacon, Rev. J. C. Sheehan Buffalo; sub deacon, Rev. T. Kennedy of Phila Buffalo; sub deacon, Rev. T. Kennedy of Philadelphia; master of ceremonies, Rev. J. F. McCallan; assistants, Rev. J. Curley and Nolan of Baltimore; acolytes. Rev. John Lang and Joseph Selinger of St. Louis. During the service the scene presented in the chapel was a striking one. The richly decorated altars and the audience dressed, for the most part, in the vestments of the dignitaries of the church, formed the elements of a scene that appealed to the eve and lent of a scene that appealed to the eye and lent additional effect to the grand service. The sermon was delivered by Bishop Gil-

mour of Cleveland, Ohio. Bishop Gilmour's Sermon. The sermon of Bishop Gilmour was as follows: When men erect buildings and establish institutions the public has a right to know for what they are to be used. The widespread notice given the ceremony of today and the earnestness of all connected with the work show the deep interest taken by the public in this Catholic university; nor without cause, for within this building principles are to be taught and minds formed in whose future American society is deeply interested. Knowledge and doctrine will therefore be the objective work

The quest for knowledge began with the human race, and the progress of arts and science is written on every page of history. The acquisitions of primeval man were carried into the ark, and afterward gave direction to the daring that would build a tower whose ruins are the wonder of the modern archmologist. In the hieroglyphics of Egypt is written the advance of science, and in the ruins of Thebes and Babylon the strength of thought. THE SCIENCE OF SCIENCES.

The motive that has brought here today the chief magistrate of this great republic, and these high dignitaries of church and state, and this distinguished audience of the laity, is worthy of deepest thought. Kind friends, you are not here to assist at the dedication of this fair building—classic in its lights and shades of art-to the mere cultivation of the arts and sciences, valuable though they are. A higher motive has brought you here and a higher motive prompted the first munificent gift and subsequent generosity that have rendered this institution possible. This building has just been blessed and forever dedicated to the cultivation of the science of sciences-the knowledge of God. It was well to have begun with the divinity department, if for nothing else than to teach that all true education must begin in God and find its truth and direction in

Education has for its motive the fitting and directing of man in his relations to God and society. Man is not for himself. He was society. Man is not for himself. He was created for a higher and a nobler purpose. All things, from the universe to the grain of sand on the sea shore, exist for the benefit of others. In God creation was not necessary. However, God has created that he might bless, and creation is but the extension of His first benefi-cence. God is not for Himself; man is not for himself; society is not for itself; the state is not for itself; the church is not for itself. CHURCH AND STATE.

There are two orders of society, the spiritual and the temporal. They are both of God and and the temporal. They are both of God and have their rights and duties for the weal of man. In much they are separate and independent; in much they are conjoint and correlative. Man is composed of body and soul, so society is composed of the moral and the physical. The function of the state is considered in volume and interest in the light of God's truth, in the physical. the physical. The function of the state is to deal with the physical; the duty of religion is to deal with the moral. As in man the body is for the soul and the soul for the body, so in society religion is for the state and the state for religion. Their conjoint work is for God and man. God is glorified in man and man is made happy in God, and this conjoint work—the glory of God and happiness of man is the objective work of religion and state. In this is found the motive for their existence, the origin of their authority, and their right to man's obedience. They represent God, and each in its sphere is the expression of God to man. We obey the state because the state represents God in the temporal: "By me kings reign and princes have their power." We accept religion because religion represents God in the spiritual: "He that heareth you heareth me."

There is a widespread mistake, a rapidly entrance, west front. Cardinal Gibbons was to

and religion all spiritual. This is not only a doctrial heresy but if acted on would end in ruin to both spiritual and temporal. No more can the state exist without religion than can the body exist without the soul, and no more can religion exist without the state and, on on earth, carry on its work, than can the soul, on earth, without the body do its work. The state, it is true, is for the temporal, but has its substantial strength in the moral, while rereligion, it is true, is for the spiritual, but in much must find its working strength in the sume that religion is independent of the state or the state independent of religion. As a matter of fact religion must depend upon the state in temporals, and vice versa the state must depend upon religion in morals, and both should so act that their conjoint work will be the temporal and moral welfare of society.

The morality of the citizen is the real strength of the state, but the teaching of morality is the

of the state, but the teaching of morality is the function of religion and in so much is religion necessary to the state. In this sense it is fool-ish to assert that religion is independent of the state or the state is independent of religion, or that they can or ought to be separated one from

GOD NECESSARY FOR THE STATE.

In this country we have agreed that religion and the state shall exist as distinct and separate departments, each with its separate rights and duties, but this does not mean that the state is independent of religion or religion independ-ent of the state. God is as necessary for the state as He is necessary for religion. No state can exist or should exist that does not recognize God as the supreme authority. So far no state, Pagan or Christian, has attempted to rule without a god, false or true, but a god and a god's law have been accepted in every society as the origin and basis of the state's authority. Woe be to the state that denies God or attempts to govern society without God and God's law. Brute force is tyranny; moral force is reason Man must be governed by reason, not by force, and the state will find its true strength in the morality of the citizen. God is the strength of the state, the guide of the citizen and the protection of society. THE END OF A UNIVESITY.

The end, then, of a university is to gather within its halls the few who are brighter in intellect and keener in thought to expand and vivify within them knowledge; then send them forth leaders to instruct and train the masses. Knowledge is not for itspossessor, nor genius for the individual. Both are gifts from God to be used for the general good. No greater mistake than for the scholar or the school to assume that knowledge is for himself or itself. The scholar belongs to neither race nor country. His home is the world, his pupil, man, and his reward, God. His mission is to know truth and then fearlessly proclaim it. He is not to take from the masses nor swim with the current. Like the general of an army, he must strike home fearlessly where ignorance or evil exists. God has made him a leader, genius has gifted him with power, and he must not falter or fail in the high mission intrusted to him. The value of a trained special education was markedly shown in our late desperate war. No braver men ever entered an army than our volunteer soldiers and in the beginning it was difficult to say who was the better, the volunteer or the trained officer. But as the struggle went on the names of the soldiers educated in the science of war rose and in their success showed clearly the value of the higher military training they had received. The same is seen in the medical and legal professions and the same is pre-eminently seen in the clerical pro-fession. As a rule men will not be scholars other than by labored study. Having widened the circle of popular education it becomes a necessity to increase the centers of higher edu-cation. We have Harvard and Yale in the non-Catholic world, Georgetown and Notre Dame in the Catholic world, all doing yeoman's duty in their line. But the centers for a higher education are entirely too few in the country. Much has been done, much is doing, but much remains to be done to train the few to be leaders.

THE EDUCATION OF THE MASSES has up to this formed among us the great was attended by Father McCallan, the master of ceremonies, Bishop Keane and Abbe Hogan. dence came the readjustment of society in the Two seminarians carrying lighted candles stood | light of our religious and civil liberty. Animosities had to be abated, new thoughts created, a wilderness cleared and a home for the world provided. As Catholics, poverty and limited num-bers left us crippled, and the terrific struggle to provide lodging and religious attendance for the immigrant estopped the possibility of higher education. Added to this was the organization of the public shoools, which Catholics could not in conscience use, thus imposing upon them the unjust burden of build-ing for themselves and supporting separate schools, whilst they are taxed for the public schools. Catholics have no contention with the public schools because they are public schools, nor because they are state schools; nor do Catholics seek to destroy the public schools. On the contrary, Catholics are willing to accept the public schools in America as they have done in Europe and elsewhere, on condition

that an arrangement be made by which the child shall be taught religion and the laws of BY THE GIFTS OF THE MANY. Our 650 colleges and academies, 3,100 parish schools, 27 seminaries for the training of the clergy and two universities are a glorious galaxy amid which to plant this Catholic university perhaps the first great university of the world begun without state or princely aid, but origi-nating in the outpouring of public thought and founded and provided for by the gifts of the many rather than by the offerings of the few. It bespeaks the widening character of American thought and the existing conviction of the public mind that a line of higher studies is clearly

As a people we have undertaken the great and wise task of educating the masses and as far as in us lies, providing that no child within this land shall fail to know how to read and write. So far, so good, and for the average man and woman this is enough. But society needs more than this. Society needs leaders, educated men and women. This our common school does not give, cannot give, and never was intended nor should be intended to give. Scholars are made in colleges and universities Now, I hold, no money expended by church or state is of greater value to society than that expended in founding and maintaining colleges and universities and providing a higher education for the talented of all classes. The trend of the day is to the accumulation of wealth. A much more healthy trend will be to train minds and create thinkers who will be as a breakwater against the domination of wealth. This is needed to stay in measure the licentiousness of our times and the radicalism with which society is threatened. Knowledge is better than wealth and intelligence is the only true source of power. Enlightened by human knowledge and guided by divine law man is impregnable and society safe.

THE POLICY OF THE UNIVERSITY. In the curriculum of this Catholic university the best in each of the several branches will be adopted, and in the light of European and American experience improved upon. In the divinity class a broad and suggestive course will be given, including the best in past and present. In this line science and revelation will be harmonized, doubt dispelled and truth vindicated. In the department of philosophy the statesman will find the principles of gov-ernment, and in history the causes for success and the reasons for failue. In law the good of the past will be retained and its imperfections rejected. In this an effort should be made to lay aside the useless and the obsolete. The world changes and has changed; so should law change to suit the changed condition of times and places. This is especially needed in eccle-

In this light specialists will come to this university, one to study divinty, another scripture, or history, while others will take up law and medicine. Here the philologist and scientist will find the best, and all will find their noblest spring on the philogogial and spring on the table of the philogogial and spring on the philogogial and spring on the philogogial and spring of the philogogi aspirations enlarged and spurred on to the

Make these higher studies popular. Let generosity mark the spirit of this house of learning. Let its halls be filled with the best of our ing. Let its halls be filled with the best of our youth, and let every effort be made to place this university in the front ranks of modern institutions of learning. But, above all, let no narrowness seek to make this the only Catholic university of this country. We have broad lands and cager hearts elsewhere who in time will need new centers. Let the great ambition of this university be to lead in all that tends to elevate our race, benefit our fellow citizens and bless our country.

choir master, and Prof. A. Gloetzner, organist. The program was as follows: Introit, Gregorian chant, gradual, Falso Bourdore, J. Graf; offertory, Confirma hoc Deus, chorus a Capella, J. Graf; Kyrie, Gioria, Credo and Agnus; prize mass in Aminor for male voices and organ obligate by Rev. F. Witt, D.D.

Father Fidelis. While the mass was in progress arrangements were made to entertain the large crowd unable to gain admission to the chapel. It was announced that Father Fidelis would speek in the large hall and it was soon filled. The speaker was introduced by Bishop



THE POWER HOUSE.

the establishment of the university and the great feature which lay before such an institution in this country. His manner of speaking was impressive, and although his hearers were obliged to stand yet he held the attention of the audience throughout After the services in the chapel the dignitaries of the church and invited guests proceeded to the large room beneath the chapel, where the banquet tables were spread. Those not invited to the banquet were entertained at lunch in the refectory.

The Banquet.

The banquet was served in the recreation room beneath the main chapel. Covers were laid for about 250. The tables were beautifully decorated with flowers and hangings. Among those who were invited and for whom covers were laid were President Harrison, Secretary Blaine, Bishops Wigger, Moes, Gallagher, Ravemacher, Conroy, Flasch Northrop, Richter Glorioux, Archbishop Solpointe, Thomas E. Waggaman, Bishop DeGosbriard, Mile. De-Meaux, Bishop Hennessey. Senator Kernan, Miss J. Riggs, Michael Jenkins, Mrs. Hoguet, Senator Dolph, Bishop Muller, Bishop Laughlin, Vicomte DeMeaux, Mrs. Mifflin, John Boyle O'Reilly, Bishop, Fitzgereld, Major, Rynas O'Reilly, Bishop Fitzgerald, Major Brues, Bishop O'Hara, Mr. Varas, Bishop Ryan, Mr. Justice Lamar, Bishop O'Reilly, Bishop Keane, Archbishop Williams, Secretary Windom, Archbishop Williams, Secretary Windom, Bishop Verton, Archbishop O'Brien, Secretary Proctor, Archbishop Fabre, Secretary Tracy, Bishop Ireland, Postmaster General Wana-maker, Vice President Morton, Arch-bishop Satelli bishop Satolli, Cardinal Taschereau, Cardinal Gibbons, Archbishop Duhamel, Secretary Noble, Secretary Rusk, Archbishops Corrigan, Fuhon, Gross, Elder, Ryon, Reardon, Heiss, Jansens, Montes D'Oca, Bishops Fink, Wodhams, Seidenbusch, O'Connor, Chatard, Vertin. O'Farrell, Duverge, Gilmour, Kain, Moore, McMahon, Brondel, Watterson, McIn-tyre, La Flasche, Cleary, Lorraine, Phelon, Rogers, Walsh, Virtue, Bourgade, Gravel, Miss Dana, John Lee Carroll, Capt. Meade, Miss H. Dana, J. H. Regan, Mrs. Montgomery, Joseph Borizan, Gen. Rosecrans, Miss Mason, Count D'Arschot, Col. Berrett, Mrs. Morrell, Mr. Childs, Miss Drexel. Eugene Kelly, Commis-sioner L. G. Hine, Hon. L. E. McComas, Marclude the best elements of the old association, tin F. Morris, J. W. Jenkins, Hon. Barnes Compton, Hon. H. Mercier. The following toasts were on the program: The following toasts were on the program :

His Holiness Pope Leo XIII, Most Reverend ization in the city is a self-evident fact, and

Monsignor Satolli Our country and her President, Hon. James

G. Blaine, Secretary of State. The hierarchy of the United States, His Eminence Cardinal Gibbons. The press, the great coeducator of the world, John Boyle O'Reilly.

The Presentation.

address on behalf of the universities of Paris and Lyons was presented by Viscount de

Secretary Blaine arrived shortly after 1 o'clock. He came alone, but the carriage of Commissioner Douglass followed his. Secretary Rusk reached the building some time before and attended the services in the chapel. Mr. Blaine and Commissioner Douglass were entertained by the committee on reception in one of the parlors. Mr. Dominic I. Murphy, the chairman of the committee, saw after the

comfort of the distinguished guests. THE SERVICES RESUMED. The services of dedication were resumed in the main lecture room directly after the presentation and addresses had been made. The inaugural choir sang "Veni Saucte Spiritus," after which his eminence, Cardinal Gibbons chancellor of the university offered prayer. The Rt. Rev. M. J. O'Farrell, bishop of Trenton, made an address, and the Latin oration and poem were delivered by Very Rev. Mgr. Schroeder, professor of dogmatic theology in the university; Oremus pro pontifice nostro Leone, by the choir of stu-dents. The offering of the benediction closed the ceremonies.

A RECEPTION TONIGHT. The Carroll institute will give a reception this evening in its hall, No. 602 F street northwest, to visiting Catholics in honor of the dedication of the Catholic university. All visiting Catholics-clergymen, laymen and their friends-are invited. The hall is today being ornamented with flags and plants for the

### FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

The New York Stock Market. The following are the opening and closing prices of the New York Stock Market, as reported by special wire to Corson and Macartney, 1410 F street.

Name.	0.	C.	Name.	0.	C.
Atch	35%	34%	N. Y. & N. E	44%	443
Can. South	55%	55%	N. J. Cen	117	1174
C., B. & Q	. 106	106	N. & W. pref.	5934	594
Can. Puc	72%	72%	Northwest	112%	1123
Cen. Pac		******	Nor. Pac	33%	33
C. & O		20%	Do, pref Ore. R. W. & N	76%	75%
D. L. & W	141	1404	Ore. R. W. & N Ore. Trans	3472	344
D. & H. Canal		****	Pac. Mail	04/6	330
D. & Rio Gr			Peo. D. & Ev.		
Do. pref			Reading	41%	40%
Erio	28%	2736	kich. Ter	2436	243
Hocking Val.	20	20	Rock Island	20176	233
Kan & Tay	10	634	Do., pref	00%	1177
Lake Shore	1107%	10056	18t. P. M. & M	1204	1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Louis, & Nach	84%	85%	Tex. & Pac Union Pac Wabash	20%	205
Manhattan	103	101%	Union Pac	67%	679
Mo. Pac	69%	60%	Wabash	16%	16%
Mich. Cell	*****	4 22At	Do., pref West, Union	3194	31%

Baltimore Markets BALTIMORE, Nov. 12 .- Cotton quiet-middling,

Baltimore Markets

Baltimore Markets

Baltimore Markets

Baltimore Nov. 12.—Cotton quiet—middling. 10a10%. Flour, dull and easier—Howard street and western super, 2.25a2.75; do. extra, 3.00a3.80; do. family, 4.00a4.40; City mills, Rio brands, extra, 4.50a4.62; winter wheat patent, 4.60a4.90; spring wheat, patent, 5.00a5.25; do. straight, 4.25a4.75; do. extra, 3.60a4.00. Wheat—southern quiet but steady; Fultz, 73a32; longberry, 74a83; western strong; No. 2 winter red, spot, 79½a79½; November, 79½a79½; Pebruary, 83½a34. Corn—southern scarce and firm; white, 41a44; yellow, 40a42; western strong; mixed, spot, 41a41½; November, 41a41½; December, 41a41½; January, 39½a30½; February, 39½a40; March, 49½; April, 41; year, 39½a33½. Oats unchanged, steady—southern and Pennsylvania, 25a29; western white, 28a20. do. mixed, 25a27; graded No. 2 white, 28½. Rye dull, 52a53. Hay quiet—prime to choice timothy, 12.50a13.00. Provisions steady. Butter firm—creamery, 24a25. Eggs firm—western, 25. Coffee quiet—Rio cargoes fair, 19½a19½. Sugar steady—A soft, 6½. Freight to Liverpool per steamer dull—grain, 5d. Cork for orders, 5s. Receipts—flour, 16,000 barrels; wheat, 33.000 bushels; corn. 76,000 bushels; odts, 11,000 bushels; fre, 4,000 bushels. Shipments—flour, 41,000 bushels. Sales—wheat, 266,000 bushels; corn, 207,000 bushels. Baltimore and Ohio stock, 91½a95; Cincinnati, Washington and Baltimore, firsts, 99½ asked; do. certificate, 99 asked; consolidated gas bonds, 112% bid; do. stock, 42½a43½.

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO. Nov. 13.—Virginia 3s. 67½a68½; Baltimore and Ohio stock, 91½a95; Cincinnati, Washington and Baltimore, firsts, 99½ asked; do. certificate, 99 asked; consolidated gas bonds, 112% bid; do. stock, 42½a43½.

Chicago Markets. CHICAGO, Nov. 13 (closing). — Wheat—November, 81; December, 81%; January, 81%; May, 85%. Corn — November, 33%; December, 22%; January, 31%; May, 31%. Oats—November, 20%; December, 20%; January, 20%; May, 22%. Pork—November, 0.65; year, 9.37%; January, 9.40; May, 9.75. Lard—November, 5.90; year, 5.85; January, 5.87%; May, 6.07%. Short ribs—November, 5.35; year, 4.85; January, 4.80; May, 5.00.

Mrs. HARRISON, Dr. Scott and Mrs. J. S. Clarkson returned to the city last night from Clarkson returned to the city last night from their visit to Philadelphia. The train upon which they came was due at the Baltimore and Potomac depot at 5 o'clock, and at that hour the President was in the waiting room. He continued to wait until 5:45 and then the party drove to the White House. The indisposition which affected Mrs. Harrison a few days ago has disappeared and the first lady of the land is now enjoying good health.

## AGRICULTURAL DELEGATES

Received by Secretary Rusk and Addressed by Commissioner Morgan.

The Association of American agricultural colleges and experiment stations continued its session at the National museum today. Before undertaking the regular business of the morning the delegates in a body called on Secretary Rusk at the Agricultural department, where they were received by the Secretary and & pleasant reception took place.

During the morning session the convention was addressed by Gen. Morgan, the commis-Keane and spoke in eloquent words of sioner of Indian affairs, who called upon the delegates from the agricultural colleges to train and furnish to his department teachers qualified to instruct the young Indians in agricultural and mechanical methods and at the same time educate them intellectually.

The remainder of the morning was spent in discussion of the proposed amendments to the constitution. Upon the reassembling after lunch the delegates divided into conferences to discuss matters pertaining to the different di This evening the delegates will attend the re-ception tendered by Secretary and Mrs. Rush.

WASHINGTON NEWS AND GOSSIP. APPOINTMENT,-Thomas S. Chappell of Mary-

land has been appointed a chief of division in the office of the commissioner of customs Treasury department. SENATOR BLACKBURN was today admitted to

the bar of the Supreme Court of the District.

PROMOTION. -- Gustav Bessing of Maryland, & first assistant examiner in the patent office, has been promoted to the position of principal WILL ARRIVE THIS EVENING.—The members

of the International American Congress, who have been away on the great excursion, will arrive in this city this evening at 6:15, after an absence which commenced at 8 o'clock on the morning of October 3. At the White House Today.

Representatives Stivers of New York and J. B. Brown of Indiana saw the President this morning for a little while. Judge Thos. & Atkins of Richmond was accorded quite a lengthy interview and it is presumed that he and the President talked principally of the Richmond post office. The only local callers were Rev. Dr. Butler

of the Lutheran Memorial church, Rev. Dr. Corey of the Metropolitan M.E. church, Rev. Dr. Elliott of the Foundry M.E. church and Mr. P. A. Crist. They came in a bunch, but did not disclose the object of their visit. Other callers were Col. Wm. A. McKellip of Westminster, Md., Eugene G. Hay and Charles R. Aughenbaugh of Baltimore. The Jefferson Club Dissolves. At a called meeting of members, held at its club house last evening, the Jefferson club decided

to wind up its affairs, dispose of its property, settle any existing indebtedness, and dissolve the organization. The debts are comparatively trifling in amount, and it is believed there will be a considerable surplus for division among the membership after all obligations are discharged. The extinction of this club will be sensibly felt by a large circle of gentlemen, and it will be in a sense a real loss to the city. It is understood therefore, that a new organization will be formed at an early day, which will doubtless in-

to be conducted on lines different in some

respects, and established on a strong financial

basis. That there is room for such an organ-

that it will succeed if wisely organized properly managed can hardly be doubted. Our sister universities, His Eminence Cardi- Clear and Cooler Weather Tomorrow. A storm which developed in the far northana on Tuesday, and then headed to the northeastward, was in Kentucky this morning and doing its best to drench most of the eastern At 3:30 the board of directors of the univer- part of the country. It was succeeding pretty sity received the address from abroad. Bishop
Verter of England on behalf of the English
Catholics presented a marble bust of St.
Thomas Agnians. In making the presentation
Bishop Verter made an eloquent address. An Bishop Verter made an eloquent address. An yesterday morning to the same hour today, indicating the prevalence of the storm conditions

> "Rain, clearing Thursday, cooler Thursday, easterly winds, high on the coast." Range of the Thermometer Today. The following were the readings at the signal office today: 8 a.m., 46; 2 p.m., 52; maxi-

to the west. The morning prediction was:

mum, 52; minimum, 44. MARRIED. CORRICK-WHEATLEY. On Tuesday, November 12, 1889, at Knowles, Nd., M. E. church, by the Rev. G. G. Markham, HARRY K. CORRICK to HELEN G., daughter of W. H. Wheatley, No cards. NICHOLSON—MATTHEWS. On Tuesday, November 12, 1889, at Saint John's church, Georgetown, D. C., by its rector, the Rev. J. A. begester, the Rev. Albert R. Stuart, D.D., rector of Christchurch, Georgetown, D.C., johning therein, MARY BLAKE NICHOLSON to HENRY STODDERT MATTHEWS, both of Georgetown, D.C.

BRYAN. On November 13, 1889, 12:15 a.m., IDA V. BIYAN, beloved wife of John A. Bryan, in the thirty-second year of her age.

Dearest wife, thou hust left us,
We thy loss we most deeply feel,
But 'tie God that has bereft us,
Who can all our sorrow heal.
By Her Husband.

Who can all our sorrow heal.

By HER HUSBAND.

Funeral from her father's residence, 727 Eighth street southeast, Friday, 2 p.m. Friends and relatives are respectfully invited to attend.

COLOGNE. On Monday, November 11, 1889, GORDON, infant son of Donnie and Emma Cologne, aged five months and seven days. [Warrenton and Manassas, Va., papers please copy.]

DIXON. Tomorrow (Thursday) at 2 p.m. the remains of the late ABSALOM DIXON, who died October 12, will be transferred from the receiving vault at Mount Olivet cemetery to the grave. Friends of the family and members of Brickiayers Union. No. 1, are respectfully invited to attend. He was a good manand just. He had been a prominent brickiayer of this city and Baltimore for more than fifty years.

DODSON. On November 12, 1889, CHARLES A. DUDSON, son of Ellen Stewart, aged twenty-one years. Funeral from his late residence, 125 Tenth street southeast, Friday, November 15, at 8:30 a.m. Services at St. Peter's church.

DWYER. On Tuesday, November 12, 1889, at 11:30 o'clock a.m., MARGARET, widow of the late Anthony Dwyer, in the seventy-nith year of her age, a native of Timperary, ireland.

Authory Dwyer, in the seventy-fifth year of her age, a native of Theperary, ireland.

Funeral will take place from her late residence, 516 Second street southwest, Thursday, the 14th, at 8:30 a.m. Relatives and friends invited to attend. a.m. Relatives and friends invited to attend.

FRAZIER. On November 12, 1889, at 11:35 o'clock a.m., MARY ISADORE, widow of the late T. Theodore Frazier, aged forty years.

Her funeral will take place from the residence of her mother, Mrs. James M. Darnall, 660 E street southeast, on Thursday, 14th instant, at 3 p.m. Relatives and friends invited to attend. [Alexandria and Baltimore papers please copy.]

JOHNSON. On November 12, 1889, in this city, of pneumonia, Dr. LEMUEL R. JOHNSON, medical examiner in the Pension office, in the sixty-aixth year of his age.

Interment at Cambridge city, Indiana.

KILLIAN. On Monday, November 11, 1889, at

KILLIAN. On Monday, November 11, 1889, at 7:20 p.m., Mrs. MAGDALENA KILLIAN, widow of the late John Killian, in the seventy-ninth year of her the late John Killian, in the seventy-ninth year of her age.

Funeral from her late residence, 1111 F street northwest, on Thursday afternoon at 8 p.m. Relatives and friends respectfully invited to attend.

LARKIN. On Monday, November 11, 1889, ALEXANDER McG. LARKIN, the beloved son of Patrick and Elizabeth Larkin.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, No. 800 24th street northwest, on Thursday morning at 8:30 o'clock. Solemn requiem mass at 8t. Stephen's church.

OBER. On Sunday, November 10, 1889, at 8:30 o'clock a.m., JOHN OBER, aged sixty-five years six months and twelve days.

Funeral from his late residence, 210 B street southeast, Thursday, November 14, at 3 o'clock p.m. Relatives and triends respectfully invited. PORTER. On Monday, November 11, 1889, at 5 a.m., THOS. J. PORTER, in the forty-third year of his age.
Funeral from his late residence, No. 471 N street southwest, Thursday, November 14, at 3 p.m. Relatives and friends respectfully invited.

TEGELER. On Tuesday, November 12, 1889, at 1:20 a.m., HENRY F. C. TEGELER, in the fity-eighth year of his age.

Funeral from his late residence, 923 Seventh street northwest, on Thursday, November 14, at 3 p.m. Friends of the family invited to attend.

PAINLESS. BEECHAM'S PILLA BEECHAM'S PILLA BEECHAM'S PILLS
THE GREAT ENGLISH MEDICINE
WORTH A GUINEA A BOX
WEAR STOMACH,
IMPAIRED DIGESTION,
DISORDERED gist does not keep them) will mail brech a soft four drue on receipt of price, but inquire arst. Please manual this paper.)

GENT'S SUITS SCOURED AND PRESSED FOR \$1. Costs, 50c.; Panta, 25c.; Vesta, 25c. Altering enderpairing done in best manner. Goods called a selection of the color of CHILDREN CRE

TOR PITCERS

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